



**Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of**

**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**

(An exploration stage company)  
(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)

**For the Three and Nine Months Ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**  
**(An exploration stage company)**  
**(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)**  
**Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	March 31, 2012	June 30, 2011 (note 17)
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 330,441	\$ 3,391,229
Other receivable	242,509	141,845
Notes receivable (note 5)	856,000	-
Prepaid expense	374,331	2,293,536
	<b>\$ 1,803,281</b>	<b>\$ 5,826,610</b>
<b>Equipment</b> (note 6)	214,808	78,883
<b>Intangible assets:</b>		
Other assets	711	1,036
Mineral rights (note 7)	68,647,358	61,854,205
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 70,666,158</b>	<b>\$ 67,760,734</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,496,268	\$ 625,794
Advances from related parties (note 8)	812,795	755,071
	<b>\$ 4,309,063</b>	<b>\$ 1,380,865</b>
<b>Deferred Income Tax Liability</b> (notes 4 and 9)	9,499,876	9,499,876
	<b>\$ 13,808,939</b>	<b>\$ 10,880,741</b>
<b>Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>		
<b>Share Capital</b> (note 10)	\$ 40,035,887	\$ 37,053,456
<b>Share-Based Payment Reserve</b> (note 10)	1,949,596	1,949,596
<b>Warrant Reserve</b> (note 10)	621,659	321,391
<b>Cumulative Translation Reserve</b>	9,913	(11,669)
<b>Deficit</b>	(9,919,353)	(7,173,670)
<b>Equity</b>	<b>\$ 32,697,702</b>	<b>\$ 32,139,104</b>
<b>Non-Controlling Interest</b>	24,159,517	24,740,889
<b>Total Equity</b>	56,857,219	56,879,993
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$ 70,666,158</b>	<b>\$ 67,760,734</b>

Commitments and Contractual Arrangements (note 11)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

*Signed "Glenn Laing"*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Director

*Signed "James Xiang"*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.*

**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**  
**(An exploration stage company)**  
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**Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited)**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011 (note 17)	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011 (note 17)
<b>Revenue</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Expenses</b>				
Reverse takeover transaction costs	-	(54,945)	-	(54,945)
General and administrative	230,212	235,561	611,918	1,202,058
Consulting and professional fees	217,602	471,021	1,219,498	569,957
Financial Advisory	577,406	-	577,406	-
Travel	188,913	32,652	455,495	117,822
Loss on foreign exchange	(36,880)	76,159	(48,122)	76,040
Salaries and wages	72,531	-	232,479	-
Investor relations	94,643	7,744	247,699	7,744
Amortization	16,082	-	38,209	-
Pre-exploration costs	-	4,178	-	33,616
Filing and transfer agent fees	27,398	41,077	39,021	41,077
<b>Loss before other income</b>	<b>1,387,906</b>	<b>813,447</b>	<b>3,373,603</b>	<b>1,993,369</b>
<b>Other income</b>				
Interest income	(12,068)	-	(25,052)	-
<b>Net Loss before Income Taxes</b>	<b>1,375,838</b>	<b>813,447</b>	<b>3,348,551</b>	<b>1,933,369</b>
Deferred income taxes (note 9)	-	-	-	-
<b>Net Loss</b>	<b>\$ 1,375,838</b>	<b>\$ 813,447</b>	<b>\$ 3,348,551</b>	<b>\$ 1,933,369</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b>				
Currency translation differences translating foreign operations	26,070	-	(21,582)	-
Currency translation differences translating non-controlling interest	25,966	-	(21,496)	-
<b>Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>1,427,874</b>	<b>813,447</b>	<b>3,305,473</b>	<b>1,933,369</b>
<b>Comprehensive Loss attributable to:</b>				
<b>Controlling equity holders</b>	<b>\$ 1,117,113</b>	<b>\$ 812,477</b>	<b>\$ 2,724,102</b>	<b>\$ 1,992,399</b>
<b>Non-controlling interest</b>	<b>310,761</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>581,371</b>	<b>970</b>
	<b>\$ 1,427,874</b>	<b>\$ 813,447</b>	<b>\$ 3,305,473</b>	<b>\$ 1,933,369</b>
<b>Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding</b>	<b>368,903,874</b>	<b>336,350,200</b>	<b>354,236,592</b>	<b>332,972,738</b>
<b>Loss per Share – basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ 0.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.*

**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**  
**(An exploration stage company)**  
**(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)**  
**Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011 (note 17)	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011 (note 17)
<b>Operating Activities:</b>				
Net loss for the period	\$ (1,375,838)	\$ (813,447)	\$ (3,348,551)	\$ (1,993,369)
Adjustments for non-cash items:				
Amortization	22,866	-	44,993	-
Shares issued for consulting services	-	-	250,000	-
Shares issued for brokers' commission	-	961,104	-	961,104
Warrants issued for brokers' commission	-	313,468	-	313,468
Non-cash settlement – Reverse takeover	-	174,590	-	174,590
Interest income	(12,068)	-	(25,052)	-
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Other receivable	35,084	(94,104)	(75,612)	(111,261)
Prepaid expenses	52,143	(1,883,359)	1,919,205	(1,883,359)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,613,548	(975,007)	2,896,936	(961,075)
<b>Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities</b>	<b>335,735</b>	<b>(2,316,755)</b>	<b>1,661,919</b>	<b>(3,499,902)</b>
<b>Investing Activities:</b>				
Cash paid – net of cash acquired for acquisitions of 50.1% ownership of GB Minerals AG shares	-	(12,161,636)	-	(12,161,636)
Additions in mineral rights	(2,724,049)	(557,214)	(6,793,152)	(557,214)
Notes receivable	(331,000)	-	(856,000)	-
Purchase of equipment	(40,137)	-	(180,595)	-
Reverse takeover transaction costs directly charged to retained earnings	-	(54,945)	-	(54,945)
<b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>	<b>(3,095,186)</b>	<b>(12,773,795)</b>	<b>(7,829,747)</b>	<b>(12,773,795)</b>
<b>Financing Activities:</b>				
Issuance of common shares (net of issue costs)	3,007,200	21,632,314	3,007,200	22,418,314
Proceeds from notes payable	-	(347,618)	-	5,000
Proceeds from exercise of options	-	-	25,500	-
Proceeds from (repayments to) related parties	70,714	155,598	57,725	192,407
<b>Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities</b>	<b>3,077,914</b>	<b>21,440,294</b>	<b>3,090,425</b>	<b>22,615,721</b>
Impact of foreign exchange on cash	(572)	-	16,615	-
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>317,891</b>	<b>6,349,744</b>	<b>(3,060,788)</b>	<b>6,342,024</b>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	12,550	35	3,391,229	7,755
<b>Cash and cash equivalents - end of period</b>	<b>\$ 330,441</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>	<b>\$ 330,441</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>
<b>Cash</b>	<b>\$ 330,287</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>	<b>\$ 330,287</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>
<b>Cash equivalents</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>\$ 330,441</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>	<b>\$ 330,441</b>	<b>\$ 6,349,779</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.*

**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**  
**(An exploration stage company)**  
**(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)**  
**Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	Number of Common Shares <sup>1</sup>	Common Shares <sup>1</sup>	Share-Based Payment Reserve	Warrants Reserve	Non- Controlling Interest	Cumulative Translation Reserve	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
<b>Opening Balance</b>	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issued on inception (February 23, 2010)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Private placement	4,934,395	305,000	-	-	-	-	-	305,000
Founders' shares – issued for consulting services	20,222,929	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	25,000
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,781,636)	(1,781,636)
<b>Balance – June 30, 2010</b>	<b>25,157,325</b>	<b>330,001</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>(1,781,636)</b>	<b>(1,451,635)</b>
Private placement	12,942,675	800,000	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
Share issue cost – in cash	-	(14,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(14,000)
Warrants valuation – brokers' warrants	-	(3,404)	-	3,404	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance – February 24, 2011</b>	<b>38,100,000</b>	<b>1,112,597</b>	-	<b>3,404</b>	-	-	<b>(1,781,636)</b>	<b>(665,635)</b>
<b>Balance – March 31, 2011</b>	<b>38,100,000</b>	<b>1,112,597</b>	-	<b>3,404</b>	-	-	<b>(1,781,636)</b>	<b>(665,635)</b>
<i>Reverse takeover transaction (Note 3):</i>								
Private placements (concurrent financing)	184,827,614	24,027,590	-	-	-	-	-	24,027,590
Share issue cost – in agent commission	-	(2,385,675)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,385,675)
Share issue cost – in shares	7,393,105	961,104	-	-	-	-	-	961,104
Share issue cost – brokers' warrants	-	-	-	313,468	-	-	-	313,468
Shares issued for acquisition of GB Minerals AG	101,000,000	13,130,000	-	-	-	-	-	13,130,000
Recognition of 49.9% on acquisition of GB Minerals AG	-	-	-	-	25,194,321	-	-	25,194,321
Reverse takeover adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(54,945)	(54,945)
Exchanged for Resource Hunter Capital common shares	(331,320,719)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issued pursuant to acquisition	331,320,719	174,590	-	-	-	-	-	174,590
Resource Hunter Capital shares recognized	13,313,333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	1,948,315	-	-	-	-	1,948,315
Shares issued for consulting services	250,000	26,250	-	-	-	-	-	26,250
Warrants issued for consulting services	-	-	-	5,800	-	-	-	5,800
Shares issued for exercise of warrants	56,626	7,000	1,281	(1,281)	-	-	-	7,000
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(11,622)	(11,669)	-	(23,291)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(441,810)	-	(5,337,089)	(5,778,899)
<b>Balance – June 30, 2011</b>	<b>344,940,678</b>	<b>37,053,456</b>	<b>1,949,596</b>	<b>321,391</b>	<b>24,740,889</b>	<b>(11,669)</b>	<b>(7,173,670)</b>	<b>56,879,993</b>

<sup>1</sup> Under reverse takeover accounting the number of shares issued and outstanding is that of Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corporation), the legal parent. However, the share capital amount is that of the legal subsidiary Plains Creek Mining Limited plus the share capital transactions of the Company from the acquisition date of February 25, 2011 onwards.

	Number of Common Shares <sup>1</sup>	Common Shares <sup>1</sup>	Share-Based Payment Reserve	Warrants Reserve	Non- Controlling Interest	Cumulative Translation Reserve	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
Private placement	40,625,000	3,250,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,250,000
Share issue cost – in cash	-	(242,800)	-	-	-	-	-	(242,800)
Share issue cost – brokers' warrants	-	(44,972)	-	44,972	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for prior year's subscription	133,333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for consulting services	1,923,077	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	250,000
Shares issued for exercise of options	255,000	25,500	-	-	-	-	-	25,500
Warrants expired	-	1,940	-	(1,940)	-	-	-	-
Warrants valuation – subscription warrants	-	(149,298)	-	149,297	-	-	-	(1)
Warrants valuation – warrants extension	-	(107,939)	-	107,939	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive gain	-	-	-	-	21,496	21,582	-	43,078
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(602,868)	-	(2,745,683)	(3,348,551)
<b>Balance – March 31, 2012</b>	<b>387,877,088</b>	<b>\$40,035,887</b>	<b>\$ 1,949,596</b>	<b>\$ 621,659</b>	<b>\$ 24,159,517</b>	<b>\$ 9,913</b>	<b>\$ (9,919,353)</b>	<b>\$ 56,857,219</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.*

<sup>1</sup> Under reverse takeover accounting the number of shares issued and outstanding is that of Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corporation), the legal parent. However, the share capital amount is that of the legal subsidiary Plains Creek Mining Limited plus the share capital transactions of the Company from the acquisition date of February 25, 2011 onwards.

## **Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**

(An exploration stage company)

(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)

### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

#### **1. Nature and Continuance of Operations**

Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corporation (“RHC”)) was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on July 24, 2007 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. RHC commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange as a Capital Pool Company. On June 11, 2010, it completed its Qualifying Transaction to become a tier 2 mining issuer with its common shares listed for trading under the symbol “RHC”. On February 25, 2011, RHC was acquired by Plains Creek Mining Limited (“PCM”) in a reverse takeover transaction (see note 3). As a result, these interim consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position, operating results and cash flows of the Company’s legal subsidiary, PCM. RHC changed its name to Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (“PCP” or the “Company”). The Company’s registered address is 1055 West Georgia Street, Suite 1500, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6E 47N.

On February 25, 2011, the Company acquired a 50.1% interest in a Swiss company GB Minerals AG (“GBM AG”) and its wholly owned subsidiary GB Minerals SARL (“GBM SARL”) by cash and the issuance of shares. As a result of this transaction, the Company acquired control of GBM AG which owns the mineral rights in the Farim Phosphate Project in Guinea-Bissau (see notes 4 and 7).

The Company’s principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of the mineral rights located in Guinea-Bissau. The Company has not yet determined whether the property contains mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future.

While the Company currently does not have sufficient cash on hand to continue with its exploration programs for the immediate future, its long term continuance is dependent on obtaining sufficient external financing (predominantly through the issuance of equity to the public), to realize the recoverability of its investment in its mineral rights which is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves and upon future profitable production. To date, the Company has not received any revenue from mining operations and is considered to be in the exploration stage. Accordingly, these interim consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying value of assets, liabilities, the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications used that might be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the property on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company’s title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

## **Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**

(An exploration stage company)

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### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies**

##### **a) Statement of compliance and conversion to IFRS**

The Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") confirmed in February 2008 that IFRS will replace Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for publicly accountable enterprises for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011.

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with IFRS.

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention. In addition, these interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for the cash flow information.

These are the Company's third set of interim consolidated financial statements prepared using IFRS. The date of transition by the Company to IFRS was July 1, 2010. Previously the Company had prepared its annual consolidated financial statements and its interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian GAAP. See note 17 for a reconciliation of prior period GAAP financial information with current year IFRS compliant comparative information, as well as a description of all elections taken at July 1, 2010 (the "transition date").

##### **b) Basis of presentation**

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 and may not include all the information required for full annual audited financial statements. They should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2011 prepared in accordance with prior period Canadian GAAP, and the Company's interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended December 31, 2011 prepared under IFRS.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated statements, and have been applied consistently by the Company and its subsidiaries.

The policies applied in these interim consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as at May 25, 2012, the date the Board of Directors approved these interim consolidated financial statements for issue.



## **Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**

(An exploration stage company)

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### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

**b) Basis of presentation (Cont'd)**

The standards that will be effective in the annual financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2012 are subject to change and may be affected by additional interpretation(s). Accordingly, the accounting policies for the annual period that are relevant to these interim consolidated financial statements will be determined only when the first IFRS annual financial statements are prepared for the year ending June 30, 2012.

**c) Basis of consolidation**

These interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, PCM and its controlled subsidiary, GBM AG (Switzerland) and its wholly owned subsidiary GBM SARL (Guinea-Bissau). All intercompany transactions, balances, and unrealized gains and losses on intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity. Where control of an entity is obtained during a financial period, its results are included in the interim consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss from the date on which control commences. Where control of an entity ceases during a financial period, its results are included for that part of the period during which control existed.

**d) Functional currency translation**

*i) Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each consolidated entity in the group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the reporting parent's functional currency. The functional currency of the reporting parent's subsidiaries, GBM AG and PCM, are the Canadian dollar, and the functional currency of its wholly owned subsidiary, GBM SARL, is the Central Africa franc ("CFA").

The financial statements of entities that have a functional currency different from that of the reporting parent's operations are translated into Canadian dollars as follows: assets and liabilities – at the closing rate at the date of the statement of financial position, and income and expenses – at the average rate of the period (as this is considered a reasonable approximation to the actual rates). All resulting changes are recognized in other comprehensive income as cumulative translation adjustments.

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### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **d) Functional currency translation (Cont'd)**

###### *i) Functional and presentation currency (Cont'd)*

When an entity disposes of its entire interest in a foreign operation, or loses control, joint control, or significant influence over a foreign operation, the foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income related to the foreign operation are recognized in profit or loss. If an entity disposes of part of an interest in a foreign operation which remains a subsidiary, a proportionate amount of foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income related to the subsidiary are reallocated between controlling and non-controlling interests.

###### *ii) Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Generally, foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than an operation's functional currency are recognized in the statement of income.

##### **e) Measurement uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies to financial information presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates, assumptions and judgments made. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Changes made to estimates are reflected in the period the changes are made.

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates and assumptions include the review of asset carrying values and estimated useful lives, valuation of share-based payment reserves, warrant reserves, and recoverability of deferred tax assets. By their nature, these estimates and assumptions are subject to measurement uncertainty, and the impact of changes in estimates in the consolidated financial statements of future periods could be material. These assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings (loss) in the periods in which they become known.

## Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation

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### Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

**f) Significant accounting judgements**

The critical judgments that the Company's management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations (note 2(e)), that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Company's interim consolidated financial statements are related to the economic recoverability of the mineral properties, the determination of functional currency for the Company and its subsidiaries, the determination that the reverse acquisition of RHC (note 3) represents an acquisition of an asset rather than a business combination and the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern.

**g) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on deposit and highly liquid short-term interest bearing investment accounts held with reputable financial institutions that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of less than 90 days.

**h) Equipment**

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of a replaced asset is derecognized when replaced. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the statement of income (loss) during the period in which they are incurred.

The major categories of equipment are amortized on a declining balance basis as follows:

Machinery and equipment	30%
Vehicles	30%
Furniture	30%

The Company allocates the amount initially recognized in respect of an item of equipment to its significant parts and amortizes separately each such part. Residual values, method of amortization and useful lives of the assets are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals of equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset and are included as part of other gains and losses in the statement of income.

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### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

### **i) Financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

#### *i) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss*

A financial asset or liability is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also included in this category unless they are designated as hedges.

Financial instruments in this category are recognized initially and subsequently at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statement of income (loss). Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are presented in the statement of income within other gains and losses in the period in which they arise. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are classified as current except for the portion expected to be realized or paid beyond twelve months of the balance sheet date, which is classified as non-current.

#### *ii) Available-for-sale investment*

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. The Company at this time does not designate any assets as available-for-sale investments.

Available-for-sale investments are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently carried at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income. Available-for-sale investments are classified as non-current, unless the investment matures within twelve months, or management expects to dispose of them within twelve months.

## **Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**

(An exploration stage company)

(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)

### **Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

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**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)**

###### *ii) Available-for-sale investment (Cont'd)*

Interest on available-for-sale investments, calculated using the effective interest method, is recognized in the statement of income as part of interest income. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in the statement of income as part of other gains and losses when the Company's right to receive payment is established. When an available-for-sale investment is sold or impaired, the accumulated gains or losses are moved from accumulated other comprehensive income to the statement of income and included in other gains and losses.

###### *iii) Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Company's loans and receivables are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, other receivable, and notes receivable, and are included in current assets due to their short-term nature. Loans and receivables are initially recognized at the amount expected to be received less, when material, a discount to reduce the loans and receivables to fair value. Subsequently, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less a provision for impairment.

###### *iv) Held to maturity investments*

Held to maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with no fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured originally at fair value and then subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. If there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired, the financial asset is measured at the estimated present value of future cashflows discounted at the entity's original effective interest rate. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment are recognized in the statement of income (loss).

###### *v) Financial liabilities at amortized cost*

Financial liabilities at amortized cost are recognized initially at the amount required to be paid less, when material, a discount to reduce the financial liabilities to fair value. Subsequently, the financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within twelve months. Otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

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#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)**

###### *vi) Other financial liabilities*

Other financial liabilities are non-derivative liabilities recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost each period. The Company has classified accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and advances from related parties as other financial liabilities.

##### **j) Impairment of financial assets**

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If such evidence exists, the Company recognizes an impairment loss, as follows:

###### *i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost*

The loss is the difference between the amortized cost of the financial assets and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted using the instrument's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced by this amount either directly or indirectly through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the impairment is recognized in net income.

###### *ii) Available-for-sale financial assets*

The impairment loss is the difference between the original cost of the asset and its fair value at the measurement date, less any impairment losses previously recognized in the statement of income. This amount represents the cumulative loss in accumulated other comprehensive income that is reclassified to net income.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decreases can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized. Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity instruments are not reversed.

##### **k) Revenue recognition**

Revenue will be recorded when the fair value of the consideration is received or receivable and will be recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and when the revenue can be reliably measured.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest rate method.

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#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **l) Non-controlling interests**

Non-controlling interests represent equity interests in subsidiaries owned by outside parties. The share of net assets of subsidiaries attributable to non-controlling interests is presented as a component of equity. Their share of net income and comprehensive income is recognized directly in equity. Changes in the parent company's ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as an equity transaction.

##### **m) Comprehensive income or loss**

Comprehensive income or loss is the change in equity of an enterprise during a period from transactions, events and circumstances other than those under the control of management and the owners. It includes all changes in equity during a period except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. The Company reports comprehensive income or loss in its interim consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss and in its interim consolidated statement of equity.

##### **n) Income taxes**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income taxes. Income tax expense is recognized in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred taxes are recorded using the statement of financial position liability method. Under the statement of financial position liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to unused tax losses and unused tax credits and differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. The following temporary differences are not provided for: initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that affects neither accounting nor taxable loss and is not a business combination; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. Future tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply when the asset is realized or the liability settled.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits and temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Any such reduction will be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

##### n) Income taxes (Cont'd)

Flow-through shares are a unique Canadian tax incentive which is the subject of specific guidance under prior period GAAP however there is no equivalent IFRS guidance. Under terms of the flow-through agreements, the income tax deductions attributable to the capital expenditures are renounced to the subscribers. To recognize the foregone tax benefits to the Company, the carrying value of the shares issued is reduced by the tax effect of the tax benefits renounced to subscribers. The Company recognizes the foregone tax benefit at the time of the renouncement, provided there is reasonable assurance that the expenditures will be incurred.

##### o) Identifiable intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets include computer software that is not required for the operation of the on-site hardware and mineral rights with finite useful lives. Acquired computer software assets are capitalized and amortized on a declining balance basis as follows:

Software	50%
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Mineral Rights

The Company is in the exploration stage and defers all expenditures related to its mineral rights until such time as the property is put into commercial production, sold or abandoned. Under this method, the amounts reported represent costs incurred to date less amounts amortized and/or written off, and do not necessarily represent present or future values.

##### *i) Pre-Exploration*

Pre-exploration costs in areas where a legal right to explore has not been obtained are expensed as incurred.

##### *ii) Exploration and evaluation expenditures*

Exploration and evaluation ('E&E') costs incurred after the legal right to explore is obtained, but before technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project have been demonstrated are capitalized as E&E assets. These include the costs of acquiring the licenses and directly attributable general and administrative costs. All applicable costs are capitalized as either tangible or intangible E&E assets depending on the nature of the assets acquired. The costs are accumulated in cost centers by exploration area.



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#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **o) Identifiable intangible assets (Cont'd)**

###### *iii) Development and production costs*

When technical feasibility and commercial viability of a property is established and the Company determines that it will proceed with development, all E&E costs attributable to that area are reclassified to construction in progress within property, plant and equipment or as intangible assets depending on the nature of the expenditure. If economically recoverable ore deposits are developed, the capitalized costs of the related property will be amortized using the unit-of-production method following the commencement of production.

##### **p) Impairment of non-financial assets**

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication is present, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine whether an impairment exists. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. Any intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

A CGU recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount. Impairment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount is increased to the revised estimate of recoverable amount but only to the extent that this does not exceed the carrying value that would have been determined if no impairment had previously been recognized.

Industry specific indicators for an impairment review on mineral rights and capitalized exploration related expenditures arise typically when one of the following circumstances applies:

- Substantive expenditure on further exploration and evaluation activities is neither budgeted or planned;
- Title to the asset is compromised;
- Adverse changes in variations in commodity prices and markets; and
- Variations in the exchange rate for the currency of operation

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#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

##### **q) Restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations**

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when the environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration or development of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, along with a corresponding liability as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. The timing of the actual rehabilitation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors such as the life and nature of the asset, the operation license conditions and, when applicable, the environment in which the mine operates.

Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit-of-production or the straight line method. The corresponding liability is progressively increased as the effect of discounting unwinds creating an expense in profit or loss.

Decommissioning costs are also adjusted for changes in estimates. Those adjustments are accounted for as a change in the corresponding capitalized cost, except where a reduction in costs is greater than the unamortized capitalized cost of the related assets, in which case the capitalized cost is reduced to nil and the remaining adjustment is recognized in profit or loss.

The operations of the Company have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degrees by changes in environmental regulations, including those for site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company are not predictable.

The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation or environmental obligations as any disturbances to date are immaterial.

##### **r) Share-based payments**

The Company has a stock-based compensation plan, which is described in note 10. The Company uses the fair value method, utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model, for valuing stock options granted to directors, officers, consultants and employees. The estimated fair value is recognized over the applicable vesting period as stock-based compensation expense and an increase to share base payment reserve. Any consideration paid by employees on the exercise of stock options or purchase of stock is credited to share capital plus the amounts originally recorded as share base payment reserve. An individual is classified as an employee when they are an employee for legal purposes, or primarily performing services similar to the services that would be provided by a legal employee.

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#### **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)**

**s) Non-monetary transactions**

Transactions with no cash consideration are measured at the fair value of either the asset given up or the asset received, whichever is more reliably determinable.

**t) Loss per share**

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in earnings of an entity. In a loss year, potentially dilutive common shares are excluded from the loss per share calculations as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

**u) Reverse takeover accounting transactions that do not constitute business combinations**

IFRS does not provide guidance with respect to reverse takeover transactions that do not constitute a business combination. As a result management has applied IAS 8 which allows the creation of an accounting policy. Reverse takeover transactions that do not constitute a business combination are accounted for as a recapitalization whereby the number of shares issued and outstanding is that of the legal parent whereas the share capital amount is that of the legal subsidiary plus the share capital transactions of the Company from the date of the transaction onwards. The fair value of share-based consideration provided by the legal subsidiary to the legal parent to effect the transaction is equal to the fair value of the net assets of the legal parent. Costs associated with these types of reverse takeover transactions are split into components and treated as a reduction of equity where costs have been incurred preceding the reverse takeover transaction. Costs that are not associated with the raising of capital are expensed as incurred.

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#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

##### v) New accounting standards and recent pronouncements

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the period ended March 31, 2012, and have not been applied in preparing these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements. The following standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committees with effective dates relating to the annual accounting periods starting on or after the effective dates as follows:

<b>International Accounting Standards</b>		<b>Effective Date</b>
IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements	In June 2011, the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) issued an amendment to International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1, which requires entities to separately present items in other comprehensive income based on whether they may be recycled to profit or loss in future periods.	January 1, 2013
IAS 12 – Income Taxes	In December 2010, IAS 12 Income Taxes was amended to introduce an exception to the existing principle for the measurement of deferred tax assets or liabilities arising on investment property measured at fair value. As a result of the amendments, SIC 21, Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-depreciable Assets, will no longer apply to investment properties carried at fair value. The amendments also incorporate into IAS 12 the remaining guidance previously contained in SIC 21, which is withdrawn.	January 1, 2012
IAS 27 – Separate Financial Statements	As a result of the issue of the new consolidation suite of standards, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements has been reissued, as the consolidation guidance will now be included in IFRS 10. IAS 27 will now only prescribe the accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements.	January 1, 2013
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments	In November 2009, as part of the IASB project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, that introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard was revised in October 2010 to include requirements regarding classification and measurement of financial liabilities.	January 1, 2013

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#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

##### v) New accounting standards and recent pronouncements

		Effective Date
IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements	IFRS 10 establishes the principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities. IFRS 10 changed the definition of control such that the same criteria are applied to all entities to determine control. IFRS 10 supersedes all of the guidance in IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and SIC 12, Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities.	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	IFRS 12 establishes disclosure requirements for interests in other entities, such as joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and off balance sheet vehicles. The standard carries forward existing disclosures and also introduces significant additional disclosure requirements that address the nature of, and risks associated with, an entity's interests in other entities.	January 1, 2013
IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement	IFRS 13 is a comprehensive standard for fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across all IFRS standards. The new standard clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Under existing IFRS, guidance on measuring and disclosing fair value is dispersed among the specific standards requiring fair value measurements and in many cases does not reflect a clear measurement basis or consistent disclosures.	January 1, 2013
IFRIC 20 - Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Mine	IFRIC 20 clarifies the requirements for accounting for the costs of stripping activity in the production phase when two benefits accrue: (i) useable ore that can be used to produce inventory and (ii) improved access to further quantities of material that will be mined in future periods. IFRIC 20 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted and includes guidance on translation for pre-existing stripping assets. The Company does not anticipate that IFRIC 20 will impact its results of operations or financial position until it enters the production phase.	January 1, 2013

The Company is in the process of assessing the impact that the new and amended standards will have on its consolidated financial statements or whether to early adopt the new requirements.

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#### 3. Reverse Takeover Transaction

On February 25, 2011, PCM acquired RHC in a reverse takeover transaction. Prior to the transaction RHC had 13,313,333 common shares outstanding. RHC acquired 331,320,719 common shares of PCM in return for its net assets. RHC then issued 331,320,719 of its common shares to the original shareholders of PCM.

This transaction was accounted for as a reverse takeover transaction that does not constitute a business combination. For accounting purposes, the legal parent company (RHC) in the reverse takeover transaction is deemed to be a continuation of the legal subsidiary (PCM) which is regarded as the acquirer. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements reflect the significant accounting policies of PCM. As a result, these consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position, operating results and cash flows of PCM, as at and for the nine months ended March 31, 2012, and for the comparative prior period March 31, 2011. The operating results of RHC have been included commencing February 25, 2011.

Under reverse takeover accounting, the purchase cost of RHC's net assets and the allocation of costs to the Company's assets and liabilities are as follows:

Net assets acquired at fair value:		
Cash	\$	54,945
Accounts receivable		561,380
Prepaid expense		6,864
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(448,599)
	\$	<u>174,590</u>

#### 4. Acquisition of GB Minerals AG

On February 25, 2011, the Company acquired 50.1% of GBM AG's common shares for total consideration of \$25,295,300. Under the terms of the transaction, the shareholders of GBM AG received €9,000,000 (CAD\$12,165,300) in cash and 101,000,000 common shares of the Company representing approximately 29% of the 344,634,052 outstanding shares of the Company as at the date of the reverse takeover transaction on February 25, 2011.

The fair value of the consideration transferred by the Company and the net assets of GBM AG acquired is as follows:

Cash	\$	12,165,300
101,000,000 common shares		<u>13,130,000</u>
Fair value of 50.1% ownership interest	\$	25,295,300
Implied fair value of non-controlling interest		<u>25,194,321</u>
Implied fair value of 100% ownership interest	\$	<u>50,489,621</u>

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#### 4. Acquisition of GB Minerals AG (Cont'd)

Net Assets acquired	
Cash	\$ 3,664
Mineral rights	60,508,763
Prepaid expenses	68,672
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(275,250)
Advances from shareholder	(316,352)
Deferred tax liability	<u>(9,499,876)</u>
	\$ <u>50,489,621</u>

The Company has the right to acquire a further 49.9% ownership of GBM AG under a shareholders' agreement governing the ownership of GBM as follows:

(i) the right to acquire an additional 24.9% of GBM AG (to bring its total ownership up to 75%) at a purchase price of €13,500,000 (CAD\$18,630,000) by December 31, 2012, conditional upon arrangement of financing to bring the project into production; and

(ii) the right to acquire an additional 25% of GBM AG (to bring its total ownership up to 100%) at a purchase price of €13,500,000 (CAD\$18,630,000) by December 31, 2015, conditional upon commencement of production.

PCM has become the operator of the Farim Project and operating costs of GB Minerals AG in respect of the Farim Project will be financed by the Company on behalf of PCM (as the Company is the sole owner of PCM) until December 31, 2011. Thereafter, PCM (and the Company as the sole owner of PCM) shall finance operating expenses and capital costs of GB Minerals AG in respect of the Farim Project by way of a shareholder loan to GB Minerals AG, pursuant to the terms of a shareholders' agreement. Pursuant to a share purchase agreement (as amended), the Company is required to complete a definitive feasibility study by December 31, 2012.

#### 5. Notes Receivable

As at March 31, 2012, the Company has advanced a total aggregate amount of \$856,000 (the "Principal Amount") (June 30, 2011 - \$Nil) to an entity related by virtue of common directors in exchange for promissory notes. The Principal Amount is unsecured and due on demand. Under the provision of promissory notes, the Principal Amount shall remain outstanding and bear no interest for the first 90 days. After the initial interest-free period, the Principal Amount shall bear interest thereon, calculated and compounded annually at the rate of 7% per annum.

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**6. Equipment**

	<b>Machinery and equipment</b>	<b>Vehicles</b>	<b>Furniture</b>	<b>Total</b>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Cost</b>				
Balance at July 1, 2010	-	-	-	-
Additions during the year	10,395	102,295	-	112,690
Balance at June 30, 2011	10,395	102,295	-	112,690
Additions during the periods	36,591	118,278	18,942	173,811
<b>Balance at March 31, 2012</b>	<b>46,986</b>	<b>220,573</b>	<b>18,942</b>	<b>286,501</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>				
Balance at July 1, 2010	-	-	-	-
Additions during the year	3,119	30,688	-	33,807
Balance at June 30, 2011	3,119	30,688	-	33,807
Additions during the periods	4,390	31,225	2,271	37,886
<b>Balance at March 31, 2012</b>	<b>7,509</b>	<b>61,913</b>	<b>2,271</b>	<b>71,693</b>
<b>Net book value</b>				
<b>March 31, 2012</b>	<b>39,477</b>	<b>158,660</b>	<b>16,671</b>	<b>214,808</b>
June 30, 2011	7,276	71,607	-	78,883
July 1, 2010	-	-	-	-



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#### 7. Mineral Rights

##### Farim Phosphate Project

The Company through its subsidiary GBM AG owns 100% of the mineral rights of the Farim Phosphate Project located in the northern part of central Guinea-Bissau of West Africa, approximately five kilometers west of Farim and one hundred and twenty kilometers north of Bissau. The project consists of a high grade sedimentary phosphate deposit of a continuous phosphate bed, which extends over a known surface area of approximately forty square kilometers. As well, GBM AG holds a production license, with the exclusive right to exploit, mine and commercialize the minerals for an initial period of twenty five years which may be extended for an additional twenty five years upon application.

	March 31, 2012	June 30, 2011
Balance of exploration assets - beginning of the period	\$ 61,854,205	\$ -
Acquisition of GB Minerals AG (note 4)	-	60,508,764
Expenditures capitalized during the period:		
Drilling and exploration	1,395,028	797,471
Geological consulting	5,380,190	525,517
Freight and transportation	13,413	-
Sample analysis	4,522	22,453
<b>Balance of exploration assets – end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 68,647,358</b>	<b>\$ 61,854,205</b>

#### 8. Advances from Related Parties

As at March 31, 2012, advances received from WAD Consult AG, the minority interest holder of GB Minerals AG, and subordinated shareholders amounted to \$812,795 (June 30, 2011 - \$755,071). The advances are interest bearing at 4% per annum, are unsecured and due on demand.

#### 9. Income Taxes and Deferred Tax

In assessing the realization of the Company's future income tax assets, management considers whether it is probable that some portion or all of the future income tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of future tax assets is dependent upon the generation of taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of future income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. The amount of future income tax assets considered realizable could change materially in the near term based on future taxable income generated during the carry-forward period.

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#### 9. Income Taxes (Cont'd)

##### (a) Deferred Income Tax Assets and Liabilities

The significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:

Deferred income tax assets:	March 31, 2012	June 30, 2011
Non-capital tax losses carried forward	\$ 1,651,000	\$ 911,000
Exploration and development expenses	275,000	259,000
Total gross deferred income tax assets	2,470,000	1,170,000
Valuation allowance	(2,470,000)	(1,170,000)
Deferred income tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

The Company's deferred income tax liability of \$9,499,876 is attributable to differences between the accounting treatment and the tax treatment of costs relating to the mineral rights owned by GBM AG.

##### (b) Non-capital Losses

As at March 31, 2012 the Company can carry forward Canadian non-capital losses to reduce taxable income in future years of approximately \$5,921,000 expiring as follows:

Year 2030	\$ 852,000
Year 2031	\$3,070,000
Year 2032	\$1,999,000

As at March 31, 2012 the Company can carry forward Swiss non-capital losses to reduce taxable income in future years of approximately \$351,000 expiring in year 2018 and \$474,000 expiring in year 2019.

##### (c) Income Tax Reconciliation

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2012	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2011
Income tax recovery expected at statutory rates	\$ (912,000)	\$ (1,226,000)
Foreign jurisdiction tax rate difference	82,000	-
No tax benefit due to foreign jurisdiction tax holiday	201,000	-
Effect of changes in enacted rate	(53,000)	-
Permanent difference	2,000	662,000
Future benefit on financing fees	(620,000)	-
Valuation allowance	1,300,000	564,000
Income taxes (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -

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#### 10. Share Capital

##### (a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value

##### (b) Issued and outstanding

Issued common shares are as follows:

	Number of shares <sup>1</sup>	Amount <sup>1</sup>
Balance, opening	-	\$ -
Issued upon incorporation – February 23, 2010	1	1
Issued in private placement	4,934,395	305,000
Issued for consulting services	20,222,929	25,000
Balance, June 30, 2010	25,157,325	330,001
Issued in private placements	12,942,675	800,000
Share issue cost – in cash	-	(14,000)
Warrants valuation – brokers' warrants	-	(3,404)
Balance, February 24, 2011	38,100,000	1,112,597
Balance, March 31, 2011	38,100,000	1,112,597
<i>Reverse takeover transaction (Note 3)</i>		
Private placements	184,827,614	24,027,590
Issued shares as agent's commission	7,393,105	961,104
Shares issue cost in agent commission	-	(2,385,675)
Shares issued for GBM acquisition (Note 4)	101,000,000	13,130,000
Exchanged for Resource Hunter Capital Shares	(331,320,719)	-
Issued pursuant to acquisition	331,320,719	174,590
Resource Hunter Capital Shares recognized <sup>2</sup>	13,313,333	-
Issued for consulting services	250,000	26,250
Issued on exercise of warrants	56,626	7,000
Balance, June 30, 2011	344,940,678	\$ 37,053,456
Private placement	40,625,000	3,250,000
Share issue cost – in cash	-	(242,800)
Share issue cost – brokers' warrants	-	(44,972)
Issued for consulting services	1,923,077	250,000
Issued on exercise of stock options	255,000	25,500
Issued on exercise of prior year's subscription	133,333	-
Warrants valuation – brokers' warrants expired	-	1,940
Warrants valuation – subscription warrants	-	(149,298)
Warrants valuation – warrants extension	-	(107,939)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>387,877,088</b>	<b>\$ 40,035,887</b>

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#### 10. Share Capital (Cont'd)

##### (b) Issued and outstanding (cont'd)

<sup>1</sup>Under reverse takeover accounting the number of shares issued and outstanding is that of Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corporation), the legal parent. However, the share capital amount is that of the legal subsidiary Plains Creek Mining Ltd. plus the share capital transactions of the Company from the acquisition date of February 25, 2011 onwards.

<sup>1</sup>Under reverse takeover accounting, the number of shares of Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation (formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corporation) is recognized as part of the issued and outstanding common shares of Plains Creek Mining Ltd. with a corresponding share capital amount of \$Nil.

The Company's legal subsidiary, PCM issued 24,999,999 (20,222,929 after a share consolidation on February 16, 2011) common shares at a value of \$0.01 per share or \$25,000 as compensation for consulting services provided by directors, shareholders, and consultants rendered on inception. This transaction was in the normal course of business and was recorded at the exchange value agreed upon by the related parties.

Prior to December 31, 2010, PCM issued 6,100,000 (4,934,395 after a share consolidation on February 16, 2011) common shares at \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$305,000 and 16,000,000 (12,942,675 after a share consolidation on February 16, 2011) common shares at \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$800,000. PCM paid finder's fee of \$14,000 (8% of \$175,000 subscribed through the agent). PCM issued 80,000 (64,715 after a share consolidation on February 16, 2011) agent's warrants (8% of 1,000,000 common shares subscribed through the agent). Each agent's warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 for a period of two years from the date of grant with a fair value of \$1,464. PCM also issued 200,000 (161,785 after a share consolidation on February 16, 2011) agent's warrants (8% of 2,500,000 common shares subscribed through the agent), and each such warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 for a period of one year from the date of grant with a fair value of \$1,940.

On February 16, 2011, PCM consolidated its shares on a 4.71/3.81-to-1 basis to reduce the issued and outstanding shares from 47,100,000 to 38,100,000 common shares.

Concurrent with the closing of the transaction relating to the reverse takeover of RHC and the acquisition of GBM AG, PCM completed a brokered private placement of 184,827,614 common shares at a price of \$0.13 per common shares for aggregate gross proceeds of \$24,027,590. PCM paid a commission of \$961,104 in cash, issued 7,393,105 common shares at a fair value of \$961,104, and issued 14,786,209 broker's warrants with a fair value of \$313,468. In addition, PCM completed an acquisition of a 50.1% interest in GB Minerals AG concurrent with the reverse takeover transaction between PCM and RHC. In consideration for the 50.1% ownership of GB Minerals AG, Plains Creek paid €9 million

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#### **10. Share Capital (Cont'd)**

##### *(b) Issued and outstanding (cont'd)*

(CAD\$12,165,300) in cash and issued 101,000,000 common shares of Plains Creek to WAD Consult AG at a fair value of \$13,130,000.

On February 25, 2011, the Company acquired all of issued and outstanding shares of PCM, including those issued pursuant to the concurrent financing and acquisition of 50.1% in GB Minerals, and issued 331,320,719 common shares to the shareholders of PCM and 15,012,709 warrants to holders of PCM warrants.

With completion of the reverse takeover transaction, the Company has 344,634,052 common shares issued and outstanding as at the date of the reverse takeover transaction on February 25, 2011, and 344,940,678 common shares issued and outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2011. The principals of the Company collectively hold 125,274,281 common shares, 121,708,281 of which are subject to a Tier 2 Value Security Escrow Agreement. Included in such common shares are 101,000,000 common shares issued to WAD Consult AG as part consideration of 50.1% interest in GB Minerals AG. In addition, 5,257,962 common shares held by non-principals of the Company are subject to a Tier 2 Value Security Escrow Agreement.

With the completion of the reverse takeover transaction on February 25, 2011, costs of the reverse takeover transaction including share issuance costs were \$3,071,280 as at June 30, 2011 (June 30, 2010 - \$Nil), of which \$54,945 of these costs were charged to retained earnings and the remaining amount of \$2,961,388 were charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

On June 02, 2011, the Company issued to Appleton Exploration Inc. 250,000 units at a fair market value price of \$0.105 per unit (each unit comprised of a common share and one common share purchase warrant of the Company exercisable for 24 months after issuance) pursuant to an option termination agreement entered with Appleton Exploration Inc. on May 19, 2011 with respect to terminate the option to earn a minimum of 51% up to a maximum of 75% undivided interest in the Dora Property.

On June 08, 2011, the Company issued 56,626 common shares at \$0.12 per share for exercise of 56,626 broker warrants (70,000 before a share consolidation on February 16, 2011).

On July 04, 2011, options allowing for the purchase of up to 255,000 shares in aggregate were exercised for gross proceeds in the amount of \$25,500 (255,000 shares at the price of \$0.10 per share).

On July 18, 2011, the Company issued 133,333 common shares at the price of \$0.075 per share for prior year's subscription in which the gross proceeds in the amount of \$10,000 was already paid to the Company in the prior year.

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#### **10. Share Capital (Cont'd)**

##### *(b) Issued and outstanding (cont'd)*

On July 24, 2011, the Company issued 1,923,077 common shares at the price of \$0.13 per share pursuant to an advisory services agreement between the Company and Byron Securities which was approved by the TSX Venture Exchange on July 15, 2011.

On January 17, 2012, the Company announced the closing of the first tranche of its brokered private placement of 20,312,500 units at a price of \$0.08 per unit raising gross proceeds of \$1,625,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.11 for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance. Under this first tranche, the Company paid a commission of \$67,500 and consulting fee of \$40,000 respectively in cash and issued 1,218,750 broker's warrants at a fair value of \$22,425. The securities issued in connection with this first tranche offering are subject to a statutory four-month hold period expiring May 18, 2012.

On January 31, 2012, 100,000 stock options at a price of \$0.22 each were cancelled.

On February 25, 2012, 14,786,209 broker's warrants issued on February 25, 2011 were extended to November 25, 2012 with an additional fair value of \$107,939.

On March 8, 2012, the Company announced the closing of the second tranche of its brokered private placement of 20,312,500 units at a price of \$0.08 per unit raising gross proceeds of \$1,625,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.11 for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance. Under this second tranche, the Company paid a commission of \$67,500 and out-of-pocket cost of \$67,800 respectively in cash and issued 1,218,750 broker's warrants in the fair value of \$22,547. The securities issued in connection with this second tranche offering are subject to a statutory four-month hold period expiring July 9, 2012.

##### *(c) Stock options and share-based payment*

The Company has a stock option plan that allows for the issuance of options to purchase shares at specific prices for a specific period of time. The maximum number of shares issuable pursuant to options granted under the plan is limited to 10% of the total issued and outstanding common shares subject to shareholder approval. All directors, officers, employees, and consultants are eligible to participate in the plan. Options under the plan vest immediately. The option price under the plan will not be less than the market price of the common shares on the date of grant. The expiry date for each option will be set by the Board of Directors at the time of issue of the option but in any event will not be more than ten years after the grant date.

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#### 10. Share Capital (Cont'd)

##### (c) Stock options and share-based payment\* (Cont'd)

The Company had 1,900,000 options (post share consolidation) in the shares of RHC outstanding prior to the closing of the reverse take-over transaction as at February 25, 2011 which were fully vested. These options were assumed by the Company with the same terms as original options issued by RHC.

On April 21, 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new rolling share option plan which made available for grant 27,750,000 options, of which 23,450,000 options have been granted, including 750,000 and 22,700,000 stock options granted respectively on February 28, 2011 and March 24, 2011. The assumptions utilized in determining the value of the 750,000 stock option granted to its directors was a share price of \$0.10, an exercise price of \$0.13, a risk-free interest rate of 3.4%, volatility of 40%, expected yield of nil, and an expected life of 10 years. The estimate of the fair value of the 750,000 options issued was \$36,975, which were fully vested and recorded as share-based payment reserve. The assumptions utilized in determining the value of the 22,700,000 stock options granted to its directors and consultants was a share price of \$0.15, an exercise price of \$0.15, a risk-free interest rate of 3.4%, volatility of 40%, expected yield of nil, and an expected life of 10 years. The estimate of the fair value of the 22,700,000 options issued was \$1,911,340 which are fully vested and recorded as share-based payment reserve.

On January 31, 2012, 100,000 incentive stock options at a price of \$0.22 each were cancelled.

As at March 31, 2012, the Company had 24,995,000 (June 30, 2011 – 25,350,000) stock options outstanding. The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding:

	Number	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, opening, July 1, 2010	-	\$ -
Resource Hunter Capital Corp. options assumed in the reverse takeover transaction (note 3)	1,900,000	0.11
Stock options granted since the reverse takeover transaction	23,450,000	0.15
Balance, June 30, 2011	25,350,000	0.15
Stock options exercised	(255,000)	0.10
Stock options cancelled	(100,000)	0.22
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>24,995,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>

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**Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)****For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011****(Expressed in Canadian dollars)****10. Share Capital (Cont'd)***(c) Stock options and share-based payment\* (Cont'd)*

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2012.

Options outstanding	Exercise price	Options exercisable at March 31, 2012	Expiry date
355,000	\$ 0.10	355,000	December 28, 2012
1,190,000	0.10	1,190,000	September 24, 2015
750,000	0.13	750,000	February 28, 2021
22,700,000	0.15	22,700,000	March 24, 2021
<b>24,995,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>	<b>24,995,000</b>	

\*Please refer to Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

*(d) Warrant Reserve*

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's warrants during the periods:

	Number	Amount
Balance, opening and July 1, 2010	-	\$ -
Broker's warrants assumed	226,500	3,404
Balance, February 24, 2011	226,500	3,404
<b>Reverse takeover transaction (Note 3)</b>		
Resource Hunter Capital warrants recognized	3,090,000	-
Broker's warrants issued	14,786,209	313,468
Warrants issued for consulting services	250,000	5,800
Warrants exercised	(56,626)	(1,281)
Balance, June 30, 2011	18,296,083	\$321,391
Warrants expired	(1,661,785)	(1,940)
Warrants issued for brokers' warrants	2,437,500	44,972
Warrants issued for subscription	20,312,500	149,297
Warrants extension	-	107,939
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>39,384,298</b>	<b>\$ 621,659</b>



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#### 11. Commitments and Contractual Arrangements

- i) The Company retained the services of GBM Engineering Minerals Consultants Limited ("GBME") to prepare a feasibility study on the Farim Phosphate Project. The anticipated completion date of this bankable feasibility study is prior to the end of the fourth calendar year quarter of 2012 and the total estimated cost is \$7,471,565 (£ 4,678,500) plus taxes, out-of-pocket costs, and other general expenses. As of March 31, 2012, the Company incurred costs of \$6,903,828 (£ 4,322,998) for the services provided by GBME and its subconsultants. The Company is required to pay an early termination fee of \$1,038,050 (£ 650,000).
- ii) The Company has committed to future minimum payments at March 31, 2012 under a Canadian operating lease that includes the rental of office space and proportionate share of operating costs as follows:

Year	Office lease	Operating costs
2012	\$ 16,238	\$ 10,403
2013	64,950	41,611
2014	64,950	41,611
2015	16,238	10,403
<b>Total minimum payments</b>	<b>\$ 162,376</b>	<b>\$ 104,028</b>

#### 12. Capital Management

As at March 31, 2012, the capital structure of the Company consists of equity attributable to common shareholders and includes share capital of \$40,035,887 (March 31, 2011 - \$37,010,605), warrants reserve of \$621,659 (March 31, 2011 - \$316,872), non-controlling interest of \$24,159,517 (March 31, 2011 - \$25,193,351), and deficit of \$9,919,353 (March 31, 2011 - \$3,828,980).

The Company's objective when managing capital structure is to ensure sufficient financial resources exist to meet the Company's strategic exploration and business development objectives, and to ensure that the Company continues as a going concern.

The Company is an exploration stage company and is currently unable to self-finance its operations. The Company has relied on equity financing to raise sufficient funds to carry out its exploration and acquisition activities and pay its administrative costs. The Company intends to raise additional funds as required to carry out its planned activities.

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#### 13. Related Party Transactions

The Company had the following transactions with directors, officers, and companies related by virtue of directors and officers in common.

	Nine months ended March 31, 2012	Nine months ended March 31, 2011
Management and consulting fees	\$ 355,000	\$ 60,000

For the nine months ended March 31, 2012, the Company paid or accrued management and consulting fees of \$220,000 to Silverbridge Capital Corp., \$90,000 to CJP Management Inc., and \$45,000 to Artisan Consulting Ltd. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and at the exchange rate agreed to by the related parties and charged at fair market rates.

#### 14. Segmented Information

The Company operates in one reportable segment. Segments are defined as components for which separate financial information is available and is regularly evaluated by the chief operating decision maker.

#### 15. Financial Instruments

IFRS 7 establishes a fair value hierarchy that reflects significance of inputs in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. process) or indirectly (i.e. derived from process); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, other receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and advances from related parties are designated as level 1.

The Company examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks.

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#### **15. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)**

##### **Fair value**

As at March 31, 2012, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, other receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and advances from related parties. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and advances from related parties approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

##### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company takes steps to ensure that it has sufficient working capital and available sources of financing to meet future cash requirements for capital programs and working capital.

The Company will issue equity to ensure the Company has sufficient access to cash to meet current and foreseeable financial requirements. The Company actively monitors its liquidity to ensure that its cash flows and working capital are adequate to support its financial obligations and the Company's capital programs. The Company has no financial instruments maturing beyond one year. Further information regarding liquidity risk is set out in note 1.

##### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of loss if counterparties do not fulfill their contractual obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and other receivable. The Company minimizes the credit risk of cash and cash equivalents by depositing only with reputable institutions.

There is no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded as at March 31, 2012 (March 31, 2011 - \$Nil).

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#### **15. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)**

##### **Market risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, commodity and equity prices.

##### *(i) Interest rate risk*

The Company is exposed to the risk that the value of financial instruments will change due to movement in market interest rates. The Company does not hold interest-bearing debt with long-term maturities and therefore does not believe that its interest rate risk is significant.

##### *(ii) Currency risk*

Currency risk is the risk to the Company's earnings that arises from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. The Company has a portion of the accounts payable and accrued liabilities balance payable in U.K. pound sterling ("GBP"), Swiss Franc ("CHF Franc"), and Central African Franc ("CFA Franc").

For the year ended March 31, 2012, a 5% increase or decrease on an annualized basis in the value of a Canadian dollar in relation to the GBP, CHF Franc, and CFA Franc would have resulted in approximately \$169,760 increase or decrease in foreign exchange or loss respectively.

##### *(iii) Commodity price risk*

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, particularly as they relate to base and phosphate, individual equity movements, and the stock market in general to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### **16. Subsequent Events**

The Company retained the services of GBM Engineering Minerals Consultants Limited ("GBME") to prepare a bankable feasibility study on the Farim Phosphate Project. It was previously advised (news release October 5, 2011) that the proposed bankable feasibility study would be completed by April 30, 2012. On May 02, 2012, the Company announced that it has been informed by GBME that it is necessary to delay completion of the anticipated bankable feasibility study until July 31, 2012 in order to complete the laboratory test work for the geotechnical reports and inputs in the mining section to a feasibility study standard. Furthermore, the Company has also commissioned GBME to prepare a feasibility study on a direct shipping ore project (the "DSO") that is in line with the larger bankable feasibility study as recommended by GBME.

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#### **16. Subsequent Events (Cont'd)**

On April 10, 2012, Mr. John Reynolds resigned from the board of directors of the Company.

#### **17. Transition to IFRS**

As stated in note 2, these are the Company's second interim consolidated financial statements for the period covered by the first annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The Company has also applied the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the period ended December 31, 2010, and in the preparation of the opening IFRS balance sheet at July 1, 2010, (the Company's date of transition). A detailed explanation of how the transition from prior period Canadian GAAP to IFRS has affected the Company's financial position is set out in this note.

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS 1) generally requires all IFRS accounting standards and interpretations to be applied retrospectively, with all adjustments to the assets and liabilities prior to the transition date being applied to retained earnings unless certain available exemptions are elected and applied from IFRS 1.

The Company has made the following IFRS adoption to transactions that have occurred after the date of transition July 1, 2010:

##### **a) Exploration and evaluation expenditures**

Under IFRS 6, Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, pre-exploration costs in areas where a legal right to explore has not been obtained are expensed as incurred with the exception that certain costs incurred to acquire the legal right to explore, such as lease acquisition costs, can be capitalized. This treatment is the same under former Canadian GAAP. As a result of adopting IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, there is no change in the way the Company's exploration assets are classified on the balance sheet, and the Company is not required to derecognize amounts previously capitalized as a result of IFRS.

##### **b) Equipment**

Under IFRS 1 elections, the Company's equipment will be recorded at cost, using the available cost election. As a result, adoption of IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment will have an insignificant impact on the Company's IFRS financial statements. Given the nature of the Company's equipment, componentization is not required as no items of equipment were deemed divisible into separate components.

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#### **17. Transition to IFRS (Cont'd)**

##### **c) Share-based payment transactions**

The Company will elect not to apply the requirements of IFRS 2 Share-based Payment to share-based awards that had vested as of July 1, 2010.

Under IFRS, the cost of employee stock options over the vesting period is recognized on an accelerated basis in which each tranche is treated as a separate award with a separate vesting period, and forfeiture rates must be estimated and revised if necessary. The Company assessed the impact of this difference between former Canadian GAAP and IFRS and determined that no adjustment was required as options granted by the Company to employees vest immediately and there was no unvested options at the date of transition. However, IFRS 2 applies to all share-based payments granted after the date of transition.

##### **d) Foreign currency translation and cumulative translation differences**

Under former Canadian GAAP, the Company had previously considered the Company's subsidiary, GBM AG and its wholly owned subsidiary GBM SARL to be an integrated foreign subsidiaries which were operationally interdependent with the parent company and as a result the temporal method of translation was applied.

Under IFRS, items included in the financial statements of each consolidated entity in the group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the parent's functional currency. The functional currency of the parent's subsidiaries, GBM AG and PCM, is the Canadian dollar, and the functional currency of its wholly owned subsidiary, GBM SARL, is the Central Africa franc.

The financial statements of entities that have a functional currency different from that of the parent's operations are translated into Canadian dollars as follows: assets and liabilities – at the closing rate at the date of the statement of financial position, and income and expenses – at the average rate of the period (as this is considered a reasonable approximation to the actual rate). All resulting changes are recognized in other comprehensive income as cumulative translation adjustments.

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#### **17. Transition to IFRS (Cont'd)**

##### **d) Foreign currency translation and cumulative translation differences (Cont'd)**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Generally, foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than an operation's functional currency are recognized in the statement of income.

IFRS 1 allows that a first-time adopter may elect to deem cumulative translation differences for all foreign operations to be deemed to be zero at the date of transition. The Company had no cumulative translation amount included in other comprehensive income at the date of the transition, thus the impact of this change is insignificant.

##### **e) Reverse takeover accounting transactions that do not constitute business combinations**

IFRS does not provide guidance with respect to reverse takeover transactions that do not constitute a business combination. As a result management has applied IAS 8 which allows the creation of an accounting policy. Reverse takeover transactions that do not constitute a business combination are accounted for as a recapitalization whereby the number of shares issued and outstanding is that of the legal parent whereas the share capital amount is that of the legal subsidiary plus the share capital transactions of the Company from the date of the transaction onwards. The fair value of share-based consideration provided by the legal subsidiary to the legal parent to effect the transaction is equal to the fair value of the net assets of the legal parent. Costs associated with these types of reverse takeover transactions are split into components and treated as a reduction of equity where costs have been incurred preceding the reverse takeover transaction. Costs that are not associated with the raising of capital are expensed as incurred.

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**17. Transition to IFRS (Cont'd)**

	note 17	As at July 1, 2010			As at March 31, 2011			As at June 30, 2011		
		GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS
<b>ASSETS</b>										
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 7,755	\$ -	\$ 7,755	\$ 6,349,779	\$ -	\$ 6,349,779	\$ 3,391,229	-	\$ 3,391,229
Other receivable		-	-	-	111,261	-	111,261	141,845	-	141,845
Prepaid Expense		-	-	-	1,952,031	-	1,952,031	2,293,536	-	2,293,536
		7,755	-	7,755	8,413,071	-	8,413,071	5,826,610	-	5,826,610
<b>Equipment</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	79,919	(1,036)	78,883
<b>Intangible assets:</b>										
Other assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,036	1,036
Mineral Rights		-	-	-	61,065,978	-	61,065,978	61,854,205	-	61,854,205
		-	-	-	61,065,978	-	61,065,978	61,934,124	-	61,934,124
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		7,755	-	7,755	69,479,049	-	69,479,049	67,760,734	-	67,760,734
<b>LIABILITIES</b>										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,177,202	-	1,177,202	491,378	-	491,378	625,794	-	625,794
Advances from related parties		282,188	-	282,188	790,947	-	790,947	755,071	-	755,071
Notes payable		-	-	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	-	-
		1,459,390	-	1,459,390	1,287,325	-	1,287,325	1,380,865	-	1,380,865
<b>Deferred Income Tax Liability</b>		-	-	-	9,499,876	-	9,499,876	9,499,876	-	9,499,876
		1,459,390	-	1,459,390	10,787,201	-	10,787,201	10,880,741	-	10,880,741
<b>EQUITY</b>										
Share Capital	e	330,001	-	330,001	39,396,280	(2,385,675)	37,010,605	39,439,131	(2,385,675)	37,053,456
Share Base Payment Reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,949,596	-	1,949,596
Warrants Reserve		-	-	-	316,872	-	316,872	321,391	-	321,391
Cumulative Translation Reserve	d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,669)	(11,669)
Deficit	d, e	(1,781,636)	-	(1,781,636)	(6,214,655)	2,385,675	(3,828,980)	(9,571,014)	2,397,344	(7,173,670)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		(1,451,635)	-	(1,451,635)	33,498,497	-	33,498,497	32,139,104	-	32,139,104
<b>Non-Controlling Interest</b>		-	-	-	25,193,351	-	25,193,351	24,740,889	-	24,740,889
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		\$ 7,755	\$ -	\$ 7,755	\$ 69,479,049	\$ -	\$ 69,479,049	\$ 67,760,734	-	\$ 67,760,734



**Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation**  
(An exploration stage company)  
(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)  
**Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
**For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	note	Three months ended March 31, 2011			Nine months ended March 31, 2011			Year ended June 30, 2011		
		GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS
<b>Revenue</b>										
Interest Income		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (9,186)	\$ -	\$ (9,186)
		-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,186)	-	(9,186)
<b>Expenses</b>										
Reverse takeover transaction costs (notes 3 and 9)	e	2,330,730	(2,385,675)	(54,945)	2,330,730	(2,385,675)	(54,945)	2,961,388	(2,385,675)	575,713
Stock based compensation		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,948,315	-	1,948,315
General and administrative		235,561	-	235,561	1,202,058	-	1,202,058	1,559,102	-	1,559,102
Consulting & Professional Fees		471,021	-	471,021	569,957	-	569,957	895,600	-	895,600
Travel		32,652	-	32,652	117,822	-	117,822	363,547	-	363,547
Loss (gain) on foreign Exchange	d	76,159	-	76,159	76,040	-	76,040	180,828	(23,291)	157,537
Salaries and wages		-	-	-	-	-	-	127,847	-	127,847
Investor relations		7,744	-	7,744	7,744	-	7,744	81,705	-	81,705
Amortization		-	-	-	-	-	-	34,842	-	34,842
Pre-exploration costs (note 2)		4,178	-	4,178	33,616	-	33,616	33,616	-	33,616
Filing and transfer agent fees		41,077	-	41,077	41,077	-	41,077	10,261	-	10,261
		3,199,122	(2,385,675)	813,447	4,379,044	(2,385,675)	1,993,369	8,197,051	(2,408,966)	5,788,085
Net Loss before income taxes		3,199,122	(2,385,675)	813,447	4,379,044	(2,385,675)	1,993,369	8,187,865	(2,408,966)	5,778,899
Deferred income tax (recovery)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Loss	d,e	3,199,122	(2,385,675)	813,447	4,379,044	(2,385,675)	1,993,369	8,187,865	(2,408,966)	5,778,899
Other comprehensive loss (income)										
Currency translation differences	d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,291	23,291
Total comprehensive Loss		\$ 3,199,122	\$(2,385,675)	\$ 813,447	\$ 4,379,044	\$(2,385,675)	\$ 1,993,369	\$ 8,187,865	\$(2,385,675)	\$ 5,802,190

## Plains Creek Phosphate Corporation

(An exploration stage company)

(Formerly Resource Hunter Capital Corp.)

### Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 17. Transition to IFRS (Cont'd)

	Three months ended March 31, 2011			Nine months ended March 31, 2011			Year ended June 30, 2011			
	note 17	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS	GAAP	Effects of Transition to IFRS	IFRS
<b>Operating activities</b>										
Net loss for the period	d, e	\$ (3,199,122)	\$ 2,385,675	\$ (813,447)	\$ (4,379,044)	\$ 2,385,675	\$ (1,993,369)	\$ (8,187,865)	\$ 2,408,966	\$ (5,778,899)
Adjustments for non-cash items:										
Amortization		-	-	-	-	-	-	34,842	-	34,842
Shares issued for brokers' commission		961,104	-	961,104	961,104	-	961,104	961,104	-	961,104
Shares issued for consulting services		-	-	-	-	-	-	26,250	-	26,250
Warrants issued for brokers' commission		313,468	-	313,468	313,468	-	313,468	313,468	-	313,468
Warrants issued for consulting services		-	-	-	-	-	-	5,800	-	5,800
Stock-based compensation		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,948,315	-	1,948,315
Non-cash settlement - Reverse takeover		174,590	-	174,590	174,590	-	174,590	174,590	-	174,590
Changes in non-cash working capital items										
Other receivable		(94,104)	-	(94,104)	(111,261)	-	(111,261)	(141,845)	-	(141,845)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(975,007)	-	(975,007)	(961,075)	-	(961,075)	(826,658)	-	(826,658)
Prepaid expenses		(1,883,359)	-	(1,883,359)	(1,883,359)	-	(1,883,359)	(2,224,864)	-	(2,224,864)
		(4,702,430)	2,385,675	(2,316,755)	(5,885,577)	2,385,675	(3,499,902)	(7,916,863)	2,408,966	(5,507,897)
<b>Investing activities</b>										
Cash paid - net of cash acquired for acquisition of 50.1% ownership of GB Minerals AG shares		(12,161,636)	-	(12,161,636)	(12,161,636)	-	(12,161,636)	(12,161,637)	-	(12,161,637)
Additions in mineral rights		(557,214)	-	(557,214)	(557,214)	-	(557,214)	(1,345,441)	-	(1,345,441)
Purchase of equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	(114,761)	-	(114,761)
Reverse takeover transaction costs directly charged to retained earnings		(54,945)	-	(54,945)	(54,945)	-	(54,945)	(54,945)	-	(54,945)
		(12,773,795)	-	(12,773,795)	(12,773,795)	-	(12,773,795)	(13,676,784)	-	(13,676,784)
<b>Financing activities</b>										
Issuance of common shares (net of issue costs)	e	24,017,989	(2,385,675)	21,632,314	24,803,989	(2,385,675)	22,418,314	24,813,590	(2,385,675)	22,427,915
Proceeds from exercise of warrants		-	-	-	-	-	-	7,000	-	7,000
Proceeds from notes payable		(347,618)	-	(347,618)	5,000	-	5,000	-	-	-
Proceeds from related parties		155,598	-	155,598	192,407	-	192,407	156,531	-	156,531
		23,825,969	(2,385,675)	21,440,294	25,001,396	(2,385,675)	22,615,721	24,977,121	(2,385,675)	22,591,446
<b>Impact of foreign exchange on cash</b>	d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,291)	(23,291)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,349,744	-	6,349,744	6,342,024	-	6,342,024	3,383,474	-	3,383,474
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period		35	-	35	7,755	-	7,755	7,755	-	7,755
Cash and cash equivalents -end of period		\$ 6,349,779	\$ -	\$ 6,349,779	\$ 6,349,779	\$ -	\$ 6,349,779	\$ 3,391,229	\$ -	\$ 3,391,229